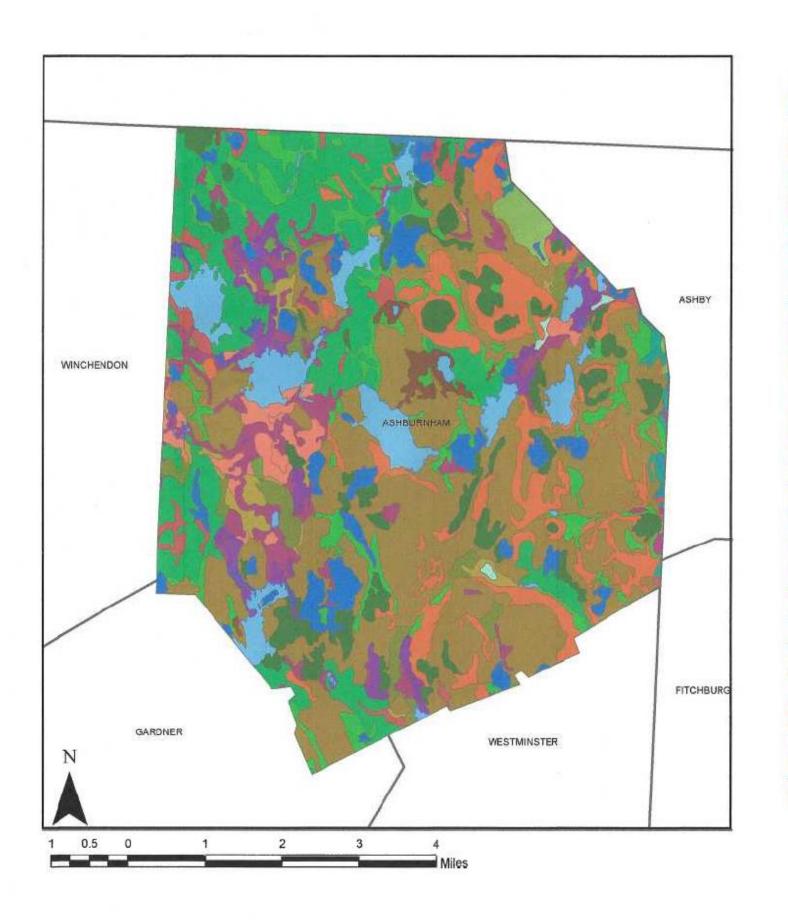


**Supplemental Maps and Land Use & Land Cover Information** 



#### Soil Types

Adams Loamy Sand

Allagash Fine Sandy Loam

Becket Fine Sandy Loam

Becket-Monadnock Association

Becket-Skerry Association

Berkshire-Marlow Association

Bucksport and Wonsqueak Mucks

Canton Fine Sandy Loam

Charlton-Chatfield-Hillis Association

Charlton-Paxton Association

Colton Gravelly Loamy Sand

Crogham Loamy Fine Sand

Greenwood and Chocorua Mucks

Hickley Loamy Sand

Lyman-Tunbridge-Berkshire Association

Naumberg Fine Sandy Loam

Paxton Fine Sandy Loam

Peru-Marlow Association

Pillsbury-Peacham Association

Pits, Sand and Gravel

Ridgebury-Whitman Association

Searsport Loamy Sand

Skerry Fine Sandy Loam

Tunbridge-Lyman-Berkshire Association

Water

Woodbridge Fine Sandy Loam

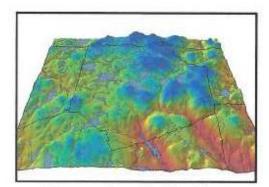
Woodbridge-Paxton Association

# Soils

Due to the varied topography and its glacial history, Ashburnham has an abundance of soil types. Volcanic activity, shifting faults, erosion, and glaciation contributed to the landscape we see today as well as to the bedrock from which soil types derive. The terrain and soils contribute to Ashburnham's characteristic rocky uplands and marshy lowlands.

Marlow-Peru soils are the dominant type, making up about 40% of the total area. This soil is typically found in upland, sloping areas and tends to be rocky and moderate to well-drained. Lowland soils tend to be poorly drained resulting in numerous marshes and wetlands.

Poorly draining soils constrain development around lakes and in lowland areas due to poor septic suitability. Rocky soils with poor drainage also limit agricultural uses and explain the lack of farming in the town's history.



Topography of Ashburnham

**OPEN SPACE & RECREATION PLAN** 

2023 UPDATE
ASHBURNHAM, MA



FIGURE A1 - SOILS

Active farms in Ashbumham are listed below. Although not listed since the owners do not advertise for direct sales to the public (e.g. Red Top Blueberry Farm), other Ashbumham farms grow hay and blueberries, among other crops.

Interestingly, most farms are concentrated in the central, southern and eastern portions of the town, while the prime soils mostly occur on the west side of town. As shown in Figure 6, Ashburnham has relatively little prime agricultural soil (<20% of the area), mostly in valleys. Regardless, many of the town's farms are located in uplands on fertile glacial till, including the largest farms, i.e. Kalon, Timberlost, Breezy Acres and Wildwood.

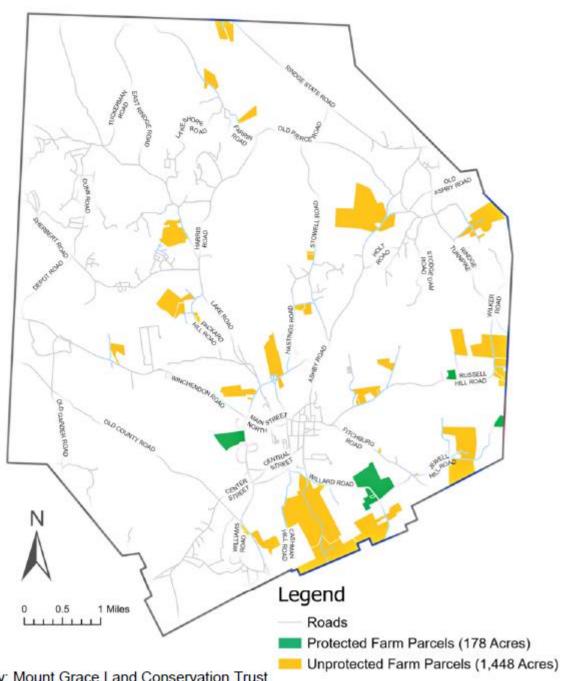
#### FARMS IN ASHBURNHAM

FARM	PRODUCT
Breezy Hill Farm	Eggs, Beef, Sheep, Pigs, Chickens, Produce
	and Orchards
Crowover Farm	Eggs, Produce, Pork
Hames & Axle Farm	Goat-milk Products
(& Surfing Goat Soaps)	
JK's Good Thyme Farm	Eggs, Pork, Produce
Kalon Farm	Beef, Chicken, Pork
Koljian Farm	Eggs, Produce
Lone Larch Farm	Eggs, Produce
Moonlight Farm	Eggs, Chicken, Turkey, Pork, Produce
Odd Pine Farm	Blueberries
Slightly Off Course	Eggs, Goats, Produce
Farm	
Timberlost Farm	Beef, Hay
Wildwood Farm	Eggs, Grains, Hay, Beef, Chicken, Turkey,
	Pork, Produce. Also Horse Stables.

### OPEN SPACE & RECREATION PLAN 2023 UPDATE ASHBURNHAM, MA

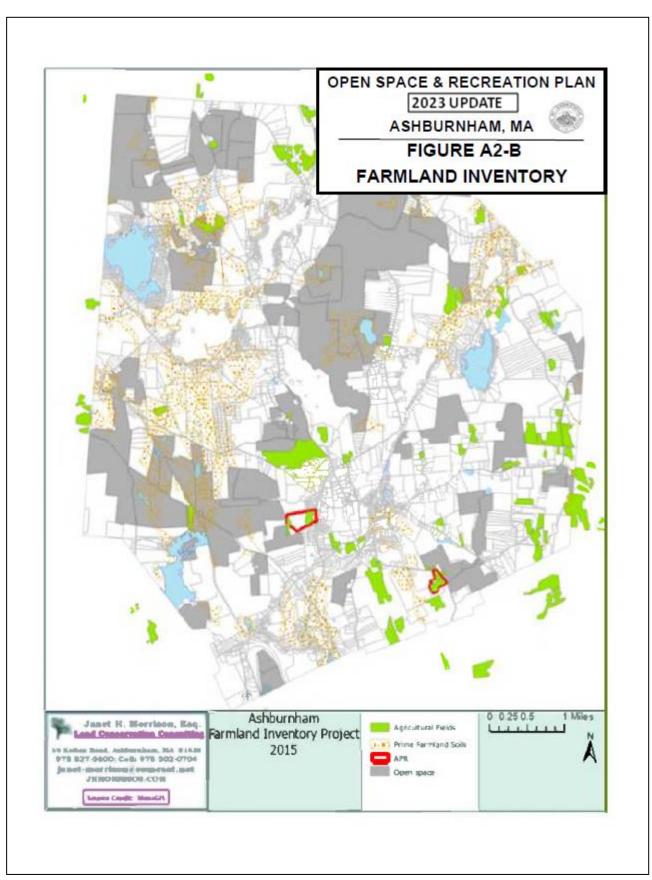


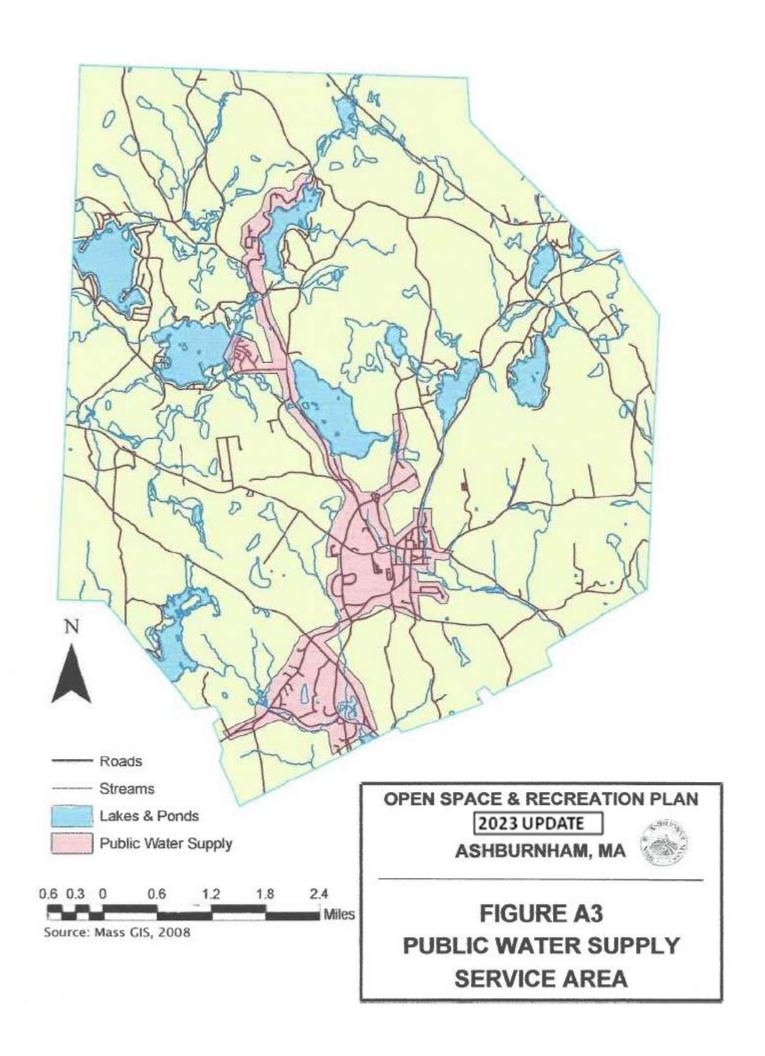
#### FIGURE A2-A: PROTECTED FARM PARCELS

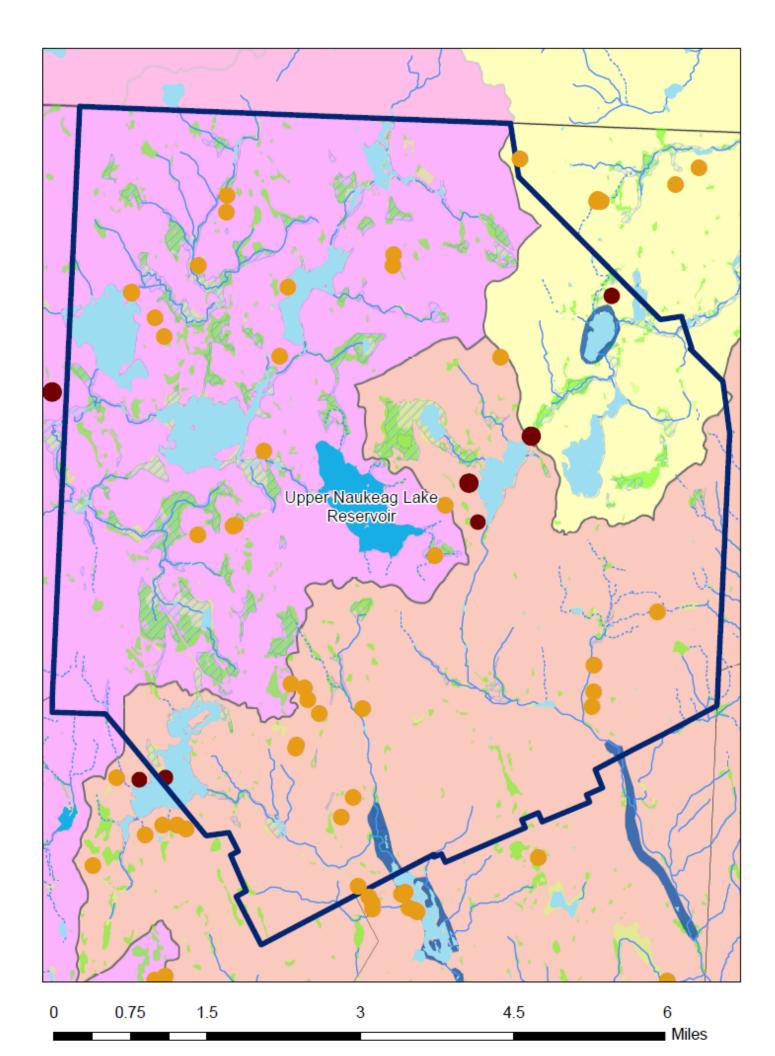


Prepared by: Mount Grace Land Conservation Trust,

Sources: Mount Grace Ashburnham Farmland Inventory and MassGIS







### Water Resources

The Nashua Watershed flows northward

through Middlesex and Worcester Counties from the Wachusett Reservoir to the Souhegan Watershed basin in Ashburnham

and the Merrimack Watershed in southern New Hampshire. Over its course, the basin

drains 31 communities, covers 538 square miles, and provides drinking water to more

than one million people. In Ashburnham, the watershed encompasses the southern portion

of town, including Lake Wampanoag, Winnekeag Lake, Lincoln Pond, and Phillips Brook. The headwaters of the Millers

Watershed are located in New Hampshire and Ashburnham and empty west, into the

Connecticut River Watershed. The watershed drains a total of 392 square miles and goes

through 17 communities. Some of the steepest areas in Massachusetts are encompassed in

the Millers Watershed, 81% of which is forest.

The remaining 19% of land drained by the

Millersincludes 6% farmland, 6% wetlands, and 7% urban including the towns of Gardner,

Athol, and Orange. The Souhegan Watershed encompasses a small portion of

Ashburnham before draining northeasterly into Ashby and nine communities in New

Hampshire. It then meets water from the Nashua Watershed where both drain into the Merrimack, and on to the Atlantic Ocean.

The Souhegan drains 170 square miles.

### Legend

- Wellhead Protection Area Zone II
- Vernal Pool
- Non-Forested Wetlands
- Forested Wetlands

### Streams and Channels

- Perennial Stream
- ---- Intermittent Stream

### **Water Bodies**

- Pond or Lake
- Reservoir
- Medium Yield Aquifer
- Flood Zone A

## **Major Basins**

- Merrimack
- Millers
- Nashua

Source: MassGIS (2021); Ashburnham Source Water Protection Plan (2006); FEMA (1984)



OPEN SPACE & RECREATION PLAN

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ASHBURNHAM, MA

FIGURE A4
WATER RESOURCES

